

techweb

Dr.Dobb's

Agile Estimating and Planning

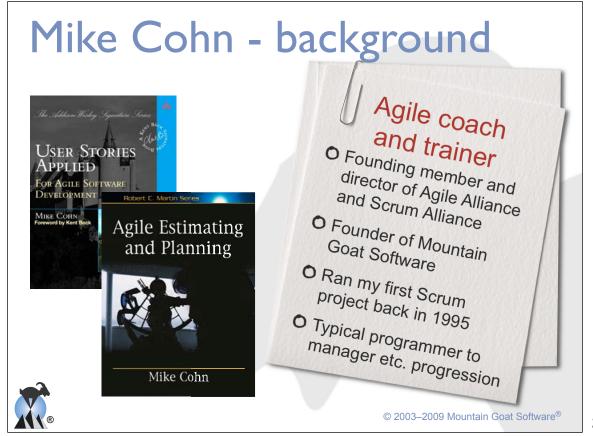
Mike Cohn Mountain Goat Software mike@mountaingoatsoftware.com



March 10, 2009

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What's a good plan?

- A good plan is one that supports reliable decision-making
- Will go from
 - We'll be done in the third quarter
 - We'll be done in August
 - We'll be done August 18th

"It's better to be roughly right than precisely wrong."

~John Maynard Keynes



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What makes planning agile?

Is more focused on planning than the plan

Encourages change

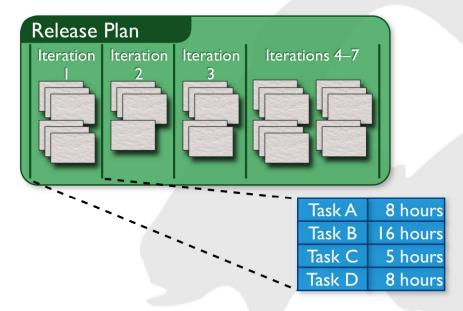
Results in plans that are easily changed

Is spread throughout the project



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Release and iteration planning





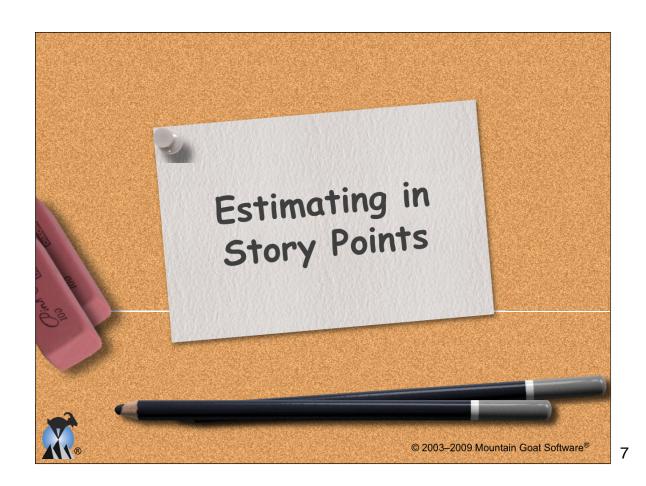
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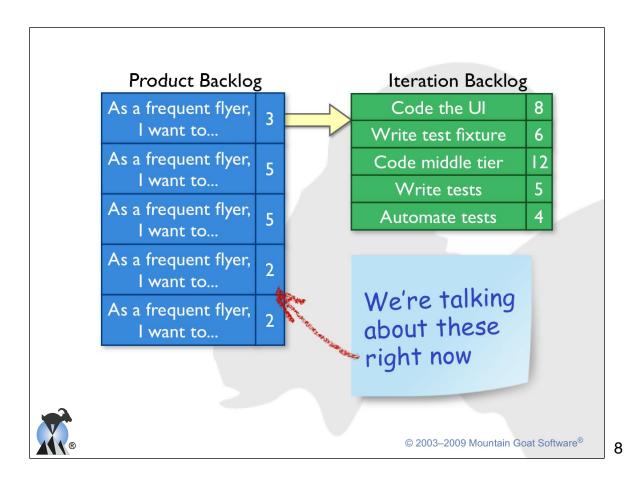
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Agenda

- Product backlog estimation units
 - Story points
 - Ideal time
- Techniques for estimating
- Iteration planning
- Release planning







How long will it take...



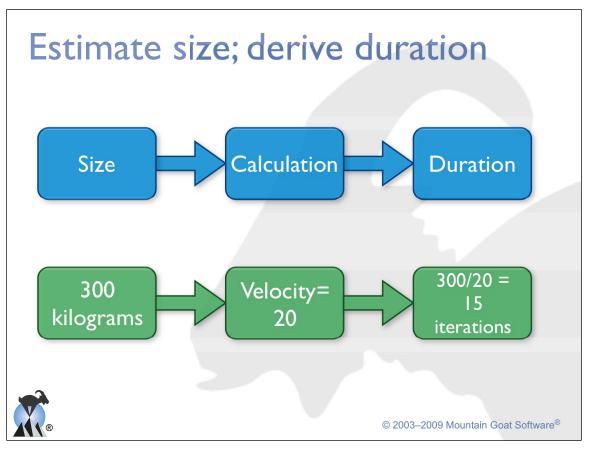
- ...to read the latest Harry Potter book?
- ...to drive to Dallas, Texas?





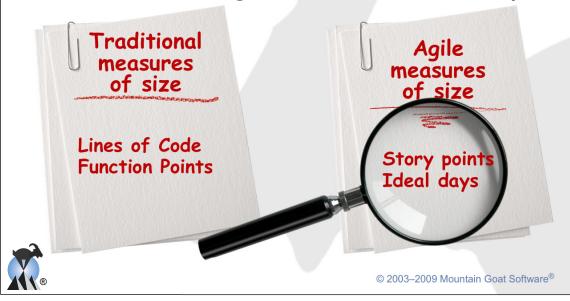
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Measures of size

Traditional and agile measure size differently



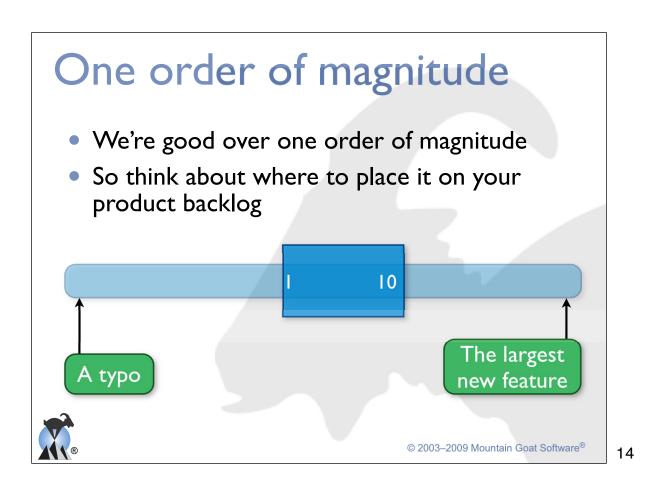
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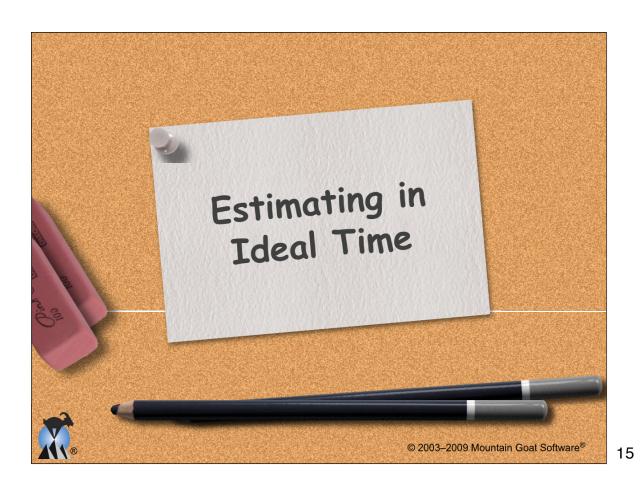
Story points

- The "bigness" of a task
- Influenced by
 - How hard it is
 - How much there is
- As a user, I want to be able to have some but not all items in my cart gift wrapped.
- Relative values are what is important.
 - A login screen is a 2.
 - A search feature is an 8.
- Points are unit-less
- Basic math properties should hold, e.g., 5+5 = 10









Ideal time

- How long something would take if
 - it's all you worked on
 - you had no interruptions
 - and everything you need is available
- The ideal time of a football game is 60 minutes
 - Four 15-minute quarters
- The elapsed time is much longer (3+ hours)



Ideal time vs. elapsed time

- It's easier to estimate in ideal time
- It's too hard to estimate directly in elapsed time
 - Need to consider all the factors that affect elapsed time at the same time you're estimating



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Comparing the approaches

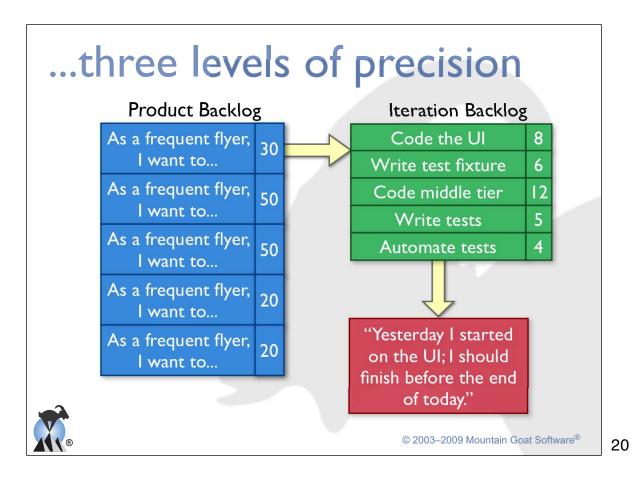
- Story points help drive cross-functional behavior
- Story point estimates do not decay
- Story points are a pure measure of size
- Estimating in story points is typically faster
- My ideal days cannot be added to your ideal days
- Ideal days are easier to explain outside the team
- Ideal days are easier to estimate at first







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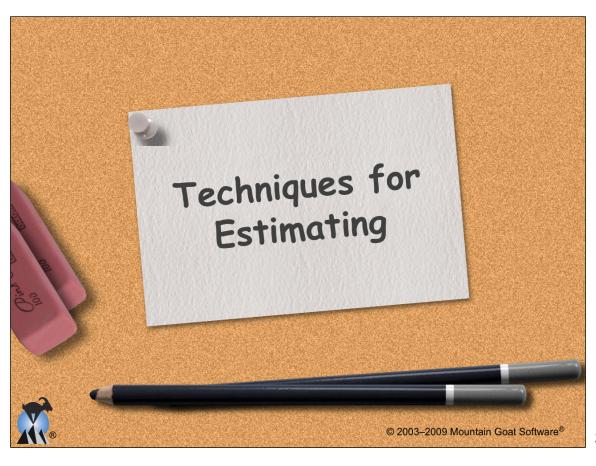


What I usually do

- I prefer story points
- ...but they make some teams uncomfortable, so I'll
 - Start with ideal time
 - Gives the team a nice foundation for the initial stories
 - Helps team get started
 - Define "I story point = I ideal day"
 - Then
 - Gradually convert team to thinking in unit-less story points
 - "This story is like that story."
 - Stop talking about how long it will take



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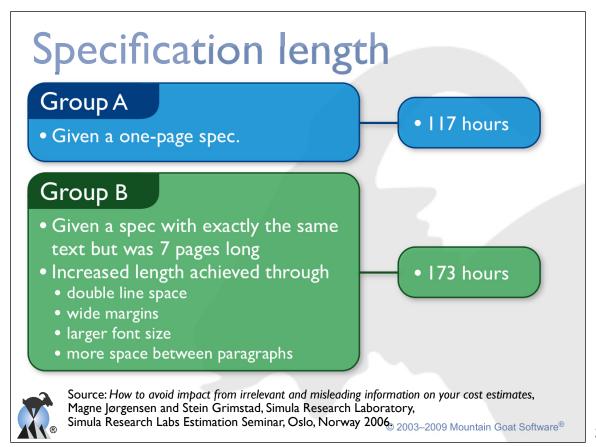
Irrelevant information

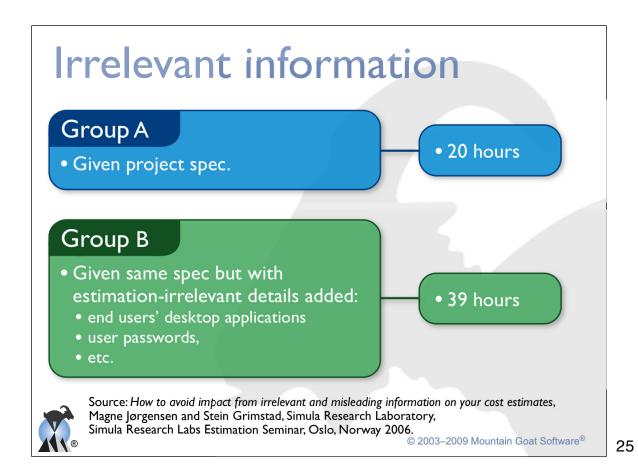
- Irrelevant information has an impact on estimates:
 - Specification length
 - Unnecessary detail
 - Unneeded "requirements"
- It's important
 - to avoid clearly irrelevant information
 - to acknowledge that we're all affected by this
 - to not dilute highly relevant information with information of marginal value

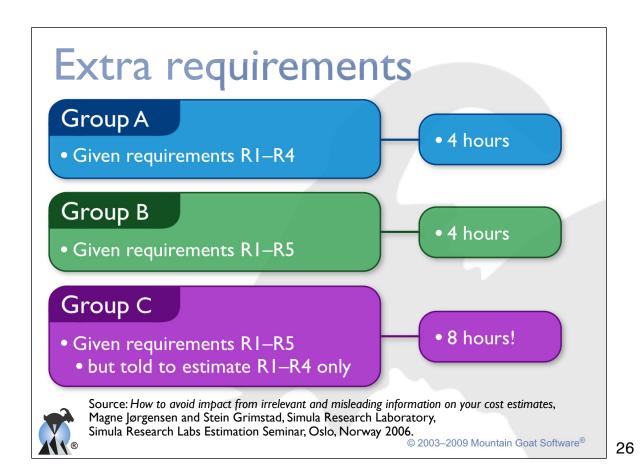


Source: How to avoid impact from irrelevant and misleading information on your cost estimates, Magne Jørgensen and Stein Grimstad, Simula Research Laboratory, Magne Jørgensen and Stein Grinisads, Simula Research Labs Estimation Seminar, Oslo, Norway 2006.

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Estimate by analogy

- Comparing a user story to others
 - "This story is like that story, so its estimate is what that story's estimate was."
- Don't use a single gold standard
- Triangulate instead
 - Compare the story being estimated to multiple other stories

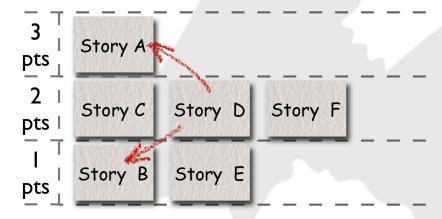


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Triangulation

- Confirm estimates by comparing the story to multiple other stories.
- Group like-sized stories on table or whiteboard





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Disaggregation

- Breaking a big story into smaller stories or tasks
 - You know how long the smaller tasks take
 - So, disaggregating to something you know lets you estimate something bigger you don't know
- Sometimes very useful
- But disaggregating too far causes problems
 - Forgotten tasks



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How much effort?

- A little efforts helps a lot
- A lot of effort only helps a little more





Use the right units

- Can you distinguish a 1-point story from a 2?
 - How about a 17 from an 18?
- Use a set of numbers that make sense; I like:
 - 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 20, 40, 100
- Stay mostly in a 1-10 range
- Nature agrees:
 - Musical tones and volume are distinguishable on a logarithmic scale



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Include 0

and 1/2 if

you want

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Planning poker

- An iterative approach to estimating
- Steps
 - Each estimator is given a deck of cards, each card has a valid estimate written on it
 - Customer/Product owner reads a story and it's discussed briefly
 - Each estimator selects a card that's his or her estimate
 - Cards are turned over so all can see them
 - Discuss differences (especially outliers)
 - Re-estimate until estimates converge







Estimator	Round I	Round 2
Susan	3	5
Vadim	8	5
Ann	2	5
Chris	5	8



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Estimate these

Product backlog item	Estimate
Read a high-level, 10-page overview of agile software development in <i>People</i> magazine.	
Read a densely written 5-page research paper about agile software development in an academic journal.	
Write the product backlog for a simple eCommerce site that sells only clocks.	
Recruit, interview, and hire a new member for your team.	
Create a 60-minute presentation about agile software development for your coworkers.	
Wash and wax your boss' Porsche.	
Read a 150-page book on agile software development.	
Write an 8-page summary of this conference for your boss.	
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Why planning poker works

- Those who will do the work, estimate the work¹
- Estimators are required to justify estimates^{2, 3}
- Focuses most estimates within an approximate one order of magnitude^{4, 5}

¹Jørgensen, Magne. 2004. A Review of Studies on Expert Estimation of Software Development Effort.

²Hagafors, R., and B. Brehmer. 1983. Does Having to Justify One's Decisions Change the Nature of the Decision Process?

³Brenner, et al. 1996. On the Evaluation of One-sided Evidence.

⁴Miranda, Eduardo. 2001. Improving Subjective Estimates Using Paired Comparisons.

⁵Saaty, Thomas. 1996. Multicriteria Decision Making: The Analytic Hierarchy Process.



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Why planning poker works

- Combining of individual estimates⁶ through group discussion⁷ leads to better estimates
- Emphasizes relative rather than absolute estimating
- Estimates are constrained to a set of values so we don't waste time in meaningless arguments
- Everyone's opinion is heard
- It's quick and fun

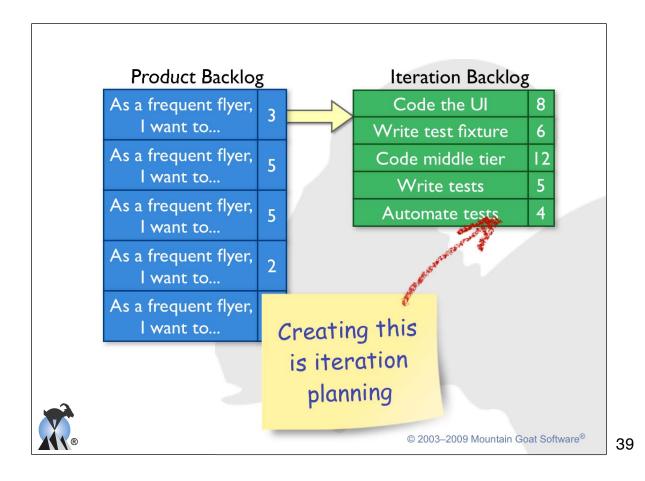
⁶Hoest, Martin, and Claes Wohlin. 1998. An Experimental Study of Individual Subjective Effort Estimations and Combinations of the Estimates.

⁷Jørgensen, Magne, and Kjetil Moløkken. 2002. Combination of Software Development Effort Prediction Intervals: Why, When and How?









Two approaches

1

Velocity-driven iteration planning

- "We finished 15 story points last time, let's plan on 15 story points this time."
- Very unreliable in what will be accomplished during an iteration
 - Velocity is mostly useful over the long term



2

Commitment-driven iteration planning

- Discuss the highest priority item on the product backlog
- Decompose it into tasks
- Estimate each task
 - Whole team estimates each task
- Ask ourselves, "Can we commit to this?"
 - If yes, see if we can add another backlog item
 - If not, remove this item but see if we can add another smaller one



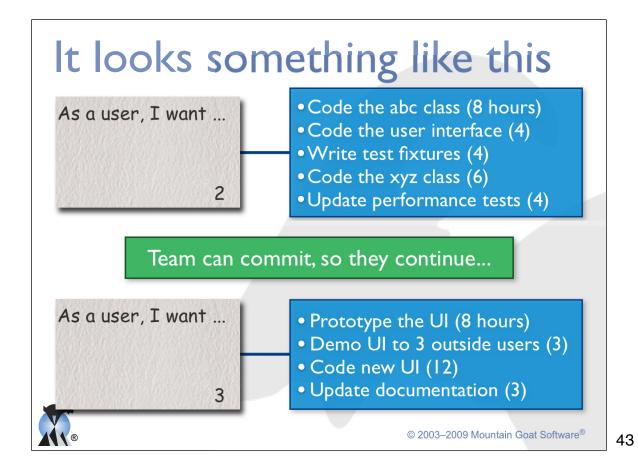
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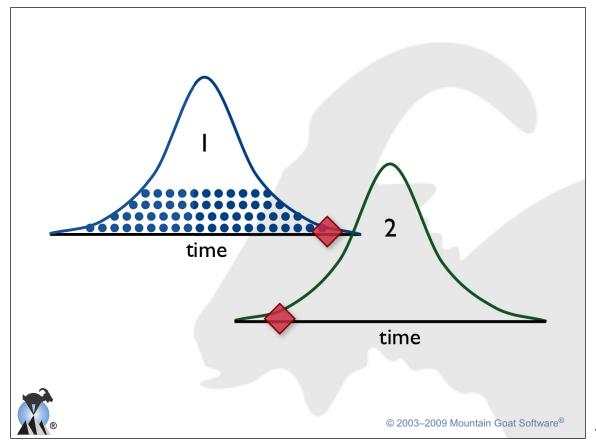
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Estimate availability

Person	Hours per Day	Hours per Iteration	
Sergey	4-6	40-60	
Yuri	5-7	50-70	
Carina	2-3	20-30	
Total		110-160	







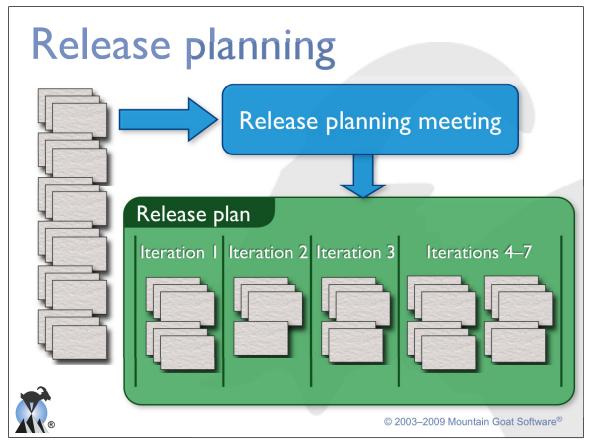
A caution

- The purpose of the iteration planning meeting is to arrive at a commitment to an iteration goal or set of product backlog items.
- The purpose of the meeting is not to come up with a list of tasks and hours.
- The tasks and estimates are a tool for determining what we can commit to.



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Velocity

- To do a release plan, you need to know or have an estimate of velocity
- Three ways to get velocity:
 - I. Use historical averages
 - 2. Run I-2 iterations and see what you get
 - 3. Forecast it
- Should be expressed as a range
 - Size of range depends on familiarity of team, domain, and technologies



Forecasting velocity

- Just like commitment-driven iteration planning
 - Estimate available hours for the iteration
 - Repeat until full:
 - Pick a story, break into tasks, estimate each task



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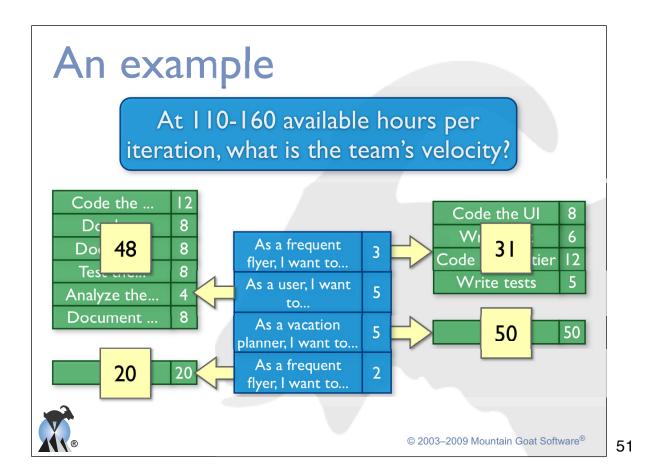
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An example

Estimating available hours

Person	Hours per Day	Hours per Iteration
Sergey	4-6	40-60
Yuri	5-7	50-70
Carina	2-3	20-30
Total		110-160

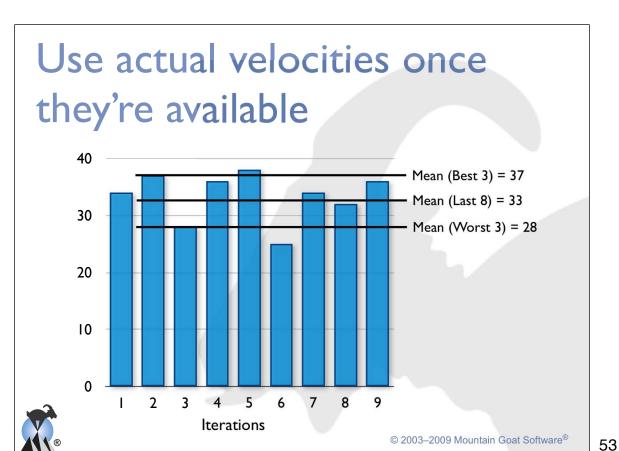


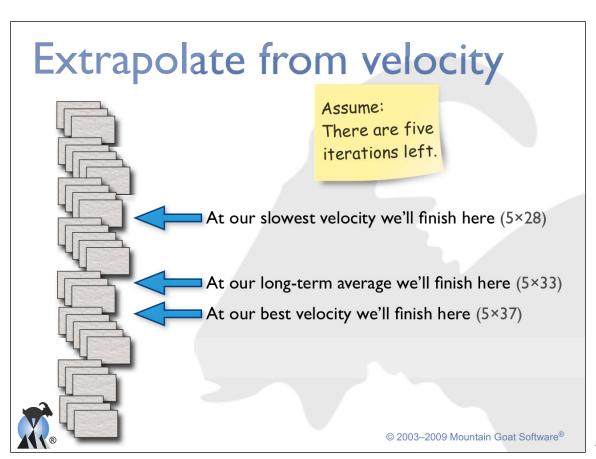


Updating the release plan

- Revisit the release plan at the end of every iteration
- Update it based on:
 - Current understanding of velocity
 - Current prioritization of the product backlog
- This should be a very short and sweet process







Date	What	Where
Mar 31–Apr I Apr 2	Certified ScrumMaster Agile Estimating and Planning	Seattle
May 12 May 13–14 May 15	Effective User Stories Certified ScrumMaster Agile Estimating and Planning	Orlando
June 8 June 9–10 June 11	Effective User Stories Certified ScrumMaster Agile Estimating and Planning	San Jose
August 3 August 4–5 August 6	Effective User Stories Certified ScrumMaster Agile Estimating and Planning	Denver
Sept 14-15 Sept 16-17	Certified ScrumMaster Certified Scrum Product Owner	La Jolla

Information and registration at www.mountaingoatsoftware.com

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